## Statement

## Sara Madandar 2024

My work is about the relationship of humans to theirbodies and body coverings, such as clothes and hair, and how the body relates to notions of the home, place, belonging, and the public and private spheres. Like those relationships, my work changes and evolvesevery day. I use the images I create to tell stories of my life-about joy and pain, oppression and resistance-finding acommon thread within those stories to connect myself to the life stories of others. Havinggrown up in Iran, and later having moved to the United States, the tension of living in between cultureshas been an everevolving inspiration for these themes. In my artwork, I often use the dimensionsof my own body as a template and starting point for telling these stories, and as a way to express mycritique of the forced veiling and erasure of female bodies in my native Iran. In my process, I first develop a concept and thenthink of a medium and techniques that best expressmy ideas. In most of my collections, I use or createnew materials, media, or techniques, combining them with painting to rethink the boundaries between mediaand disciplines. This involves methods and media that go far beyond canvas and paint: incorporatingtechniques such as sewing, a "feminine" domesticart I grew up seeing in the home which both upsets and revitalizesmy creative process through the visceral, mechanical, novel-yet-familiar experience of the machine; or materials such as human hair, an object of both desire and disgust depending on its context anda deeply politicized element of human corporalityin Iran. Deeply inspired by the immediacy and physicalityof performance art, I have worked to integrate materials and designs that interact with the viewerand the environment, such as LED lights that respond to the presence of a human body or ambient light levelsto alter the appearance of my works. Working through the making and remaking of self that is inherentto the experience of migration, I have sought to tell this story in my work through methods that deconstructthe artwork and its primary medium, the canvas, whether through burning, cutting, or unravellingthe canvas, or destabilizing the viewer's understanding of its spatiality and orientation bycreating hidden images on the reverse that can onlybe revealed through special lighting techniques. Allof these methods work to manipulate the viewer's understanding of the human body and the body of theartwork-the canvasin relation to its coverings, adornments, and shelters, navigating notions of thepublic and private, home and belonging, covered and exposed, throughout the experience of migration betweencultures.